

FDI

2005-2019

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[] 2022-03-11 [] 2022-06-18
[] 1971.11- zimp@shnu.edu.cn 021-64324524 200030
100
* 1997.10-
1000497363@smail.shnu.edu.cn 15161163881 200030
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Abstract: This paper studies the impact of FDI on the income gap between urban and rural areas in view of industrial structure upgrading, and further analyzes the spatial spillover effect. Based on China's provincial panel data from 2005 to 2019, an empirical study is carried out. The regression results of the intermediary effect model confirm that FDI can narrow the income gap between urban and rural areas by promoting the upgrading of industrial structure; The results of spatial panel Durbin model show that FDI inflow not only has a positive impact on narrowing the income gap between urban and rural areas in this area, but also has a significant spatial spillover, which can effectively narrow the income gap between urban and rural areas in neighboring areas. Among the control variables, the improvement of human capital and the degree of openness helps to narrow the income gap in this region, and produces a negative spatial spillover, which to some extent inhibits the widening of the income gap between urban and rural areas in the surrounding areas.

Key Words: FDI; Upgrading the industrial structure; Income gap between urban and rural areas; Space spillover

FDI

2019

90

2019

1381

GDP

GDP 92.9%

2014 [1]

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Todar 1969 [4]

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2013 [5]

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2013 [6]

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Chen 2016 !

Dancheng et al.

2011 [7]

FDI

2021 [17]

2014

[18]

2015 [19] VAR

2017 [20]

2019 [21] FDI

FDI

2017 [22] FDI

GMM

FDI

FDI

(2011) [23]

FDI

[23]

FDI

H_{1a} FDI

H_{1b} FDI

FDI

2017 [22]

FDI

EDI

H₂a FDI

H₂b FDI

FDI

FDI

Ravi and Xiaobo 1999 [24]

Cuadros et al. 2019 [25] FDI

FDI

Huang et al. (2017)[2]

FDI

H₃

H₃ FDI

1

$$GAP_{i,t} = \alpha_0 + \alpha_1 FDI_{i,t} + \sum_c \alpha_c Control_{i,t} + \mu_t + \delta_t + \epsilon_{i,t} \quad (1)$$

GAP_{i,t} FDI_{i,t} i t

Control_{i,t} μ_i δ_t ε_{i,t}

FDI

$$stru_{i,t} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 FDI_{i,t} + \sum \beta_c Control_{i,t} + \mu_i + \delta_t + \varepsilon_{i,t} \quad (2)$$

$$GAP_t = \gamma_0 + \gamma_1 FDI_t + \gamma_2 Control_t + \sum \gamma_c Contra l_i \delta_t + \varepsilon_t \quad (3)$$

4

$$GAP_{i,t} = \varphi_0 + \rho W G A P_{i,t} + \varphi_1 F D I_{i,t} + \varphi_2 u p g r a d e_{i,t} + \sum \varphi_c C o n t r a l_{i,t} + \delta_1 W F D I_{i,t} + \delta_2 W u p g r a d e_{i,t} + \sum \delta_c W C o n t r a l_{i,t} + \mu_i + \varepsilon_{i,t} \quad 4$$

$$W \qquad \qquad \rho \qquad \delta \qquad \qquad \rho \qquad \delta$$

$$W_{ij}$$

$$1 \qquad \qquad \qquad 0$$

$$0 \qquad \qquad \qquad 5 \\ W_{ij} = \begin{cases} 1 & i, j \\ 0 & i, j \end{cases} \qquad \qquad \qquad 5$$

30

2005

2005-2019

2006-2020

GAP

$$\text{GAP}_t = \sum_{i=1}^2 \left(\frac{Y_{i,t}}{Y_t} \right) \ln \left(\frac{Y_{i,t} / Y_t}{N_{i,t} / N_t} \right)$$

6

$$N_t - Y_t \quad N_{i,t} - Y_{i,t}$$

$$i \quad i=1 \quad i=0$$

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upgrade

$$upgrade = \sum_3^{i=1} q_i \times i \quad q_i \quad i$$

2021 [11] 2016 [26]

1 eximv GDP 2

labour 3 humcap

4 tech

GDP 5 fiscal

GDP 1

1

GAP

FDI

upgrade

eximv

/GDP

labour

/

humcap

/

tech

GDP

fiscal

/GDP

2 GAP GAP

0.0198-0.281

FDI

FDI

upgrade

<i>GAP</i>	450	0.110	0.053	0.0198	0.281
<i>FDI</i>	450	5.266	1.601	0.259	7.722
<i>upgrade</i>	450	2.352	0.130	2.085	2.834
<i>eximv</i>	450	0.031	0.037	0.001	0.171
<i>labour</i>	450	0.529	0.146	0.027	0.896
<i>humcap</i>	450	0.170	0.061	0	0.282
<i>tech</i>	450	1.165	2.295	0	16.068
<i>fiscal</i>	450	0.719	1.949	0.002	28.213

3 FDI

	GAP	upgrade	GAP
<i>FDI</i>	-0.021***	0.040***	-0.009***
<i>upgrade</i>			-0.287***
<i>eximv</i>	-0.015	-1.092***	-0.328***
<i>labour</i>	-0.001**	0.001**	-0.000
<i>humcap</i>	-0.100*	-0.240*	-0.169***
<i>tech</i>	-0.008***	0.012***	-0.005***
<i>fiscal</i>	-0.001	0.004***	0.000
<i>cons</i>	0.248***	2.194***	0.878***
<i>N</i>	450.000	450.000	450.000
<i>R</i> ²	0.315	0.391	0.602

*** * * * 1% 5% 10%

>0

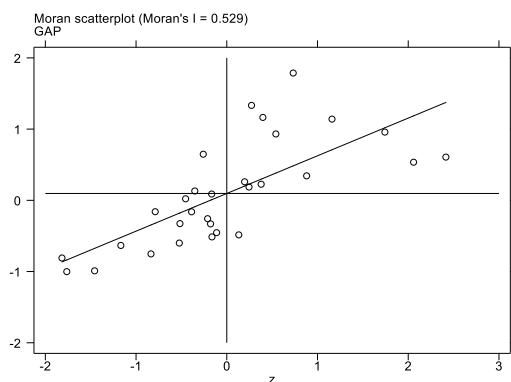
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4 4 2005-2019

P 0

Stata	2005 -2019	
2005 2019		
H-H	L-H	L-L
H-L 1 2	2005 2019	



1 2005 AcfUb g' = 2 2019 AcfUb g' =

LM	Wald
5	(LMLAG LMERR)
P 0	1%
Robust-LMLAG	
Wald	Wald
P	Huasman
Hausman	
P 0.049	5%

	P	
<i>LMLAG</i>	358.577	0.000
<i>LMERR</i>	475.967	0.000
<i>Robust-LMLAG</i>	0.061	0.805
<i>Robust-LMERR</i>	22.476	0.000
<i>Wald</i>	67.63	0.000
<i>Hausman</i>	25.00	0.049

SAR	SDM	SAR	SDM	SDM	FDI	FDI
SDM	SAR	R ²	SDM	FDI	FDI	
SDM				FDI		

	SAR	SDM
<i>FDI</i>	-0.004***	-0.004***
<i>upgrade</i>	-0.046***	0.066***
<i>eximv</i>	-0.244***	-0.278***
<i>labour</i>	0.000	0.000
<i>humcap</i>	-0.076***	-0.085***
<i>tech</i>	-0.002**	0.000
<i>fiscal</i>	0.000	0.000**
<i>W*FDI</i>		-0.006***
<i>W*upgrade</i>		-0.231***
<i>W*eximv</i>		0.055
<i>W*labour</i>		0.001***
<i>W*humcap</i>		-0.198***
<i>W*tech</i>		-0.003**
<i>W*fiscal</i>		0.001***
<i>ρ</i>	0.785***	0.582***
<i>R²</i>	0.000***	0.000***
<i>R²</i>	0.677	0.702

7	FDI	-0.006
-0.019	-0.025	1%

FDI

H3

7

<i>FDI</i>	-0.006***	-0.019***	-0.025***
<i>upgrade</i>	0.027*	-0.419***	-0.392***
<i>eximv</i>	-0.293***	-0.229*	-0.523***
<i>labour</i>	0.000	0.001***	0.001**
<i>humcap</i>	-0.134***	-0.540***	-0.674***
<i>tech</i>	-0.001	-0.007**	-0.008**
<i>fiscal</i>	0.001***	0.004***	0.005***

8 2

1

humcap

graduate

9 3

3 1

8

3.79 Tm [(3.79 T>11<34g[<0D0E>11<1582332B

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FDI

FDI

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